



Nano to Gans; New Explanation! from KFTV Opening Talk

Excerpt from Opening of KF TV Channel 3/21/ 2021

Note: Summary has not been checked by KF. Please listen to original recording and read English Transcription after the post. (Summary by KF Brazil)

Summary

Formation of Nano Layers

During the opening ceremony of the KF TV channel Mr. Keshe gave a wonderful talk about Nano (N) coating, a little history of how it came about, what it is, and more details about it to help us understand it better. He started out, we Nano coat materials, but what does that really mean? Pointing to a bare copper wire coil he said, "this is a Cu on its own," and then pointing to a black Nano coated Cu coil, "this is a Cu, which is Nano coated." How do you Nano coat?

In the early days of KF, Knowledge Seekers (KS) used to monitor who was visiting the KF website, and they observed heavy daily traffic from Manchester University's Nano Technology Department. He continued, apparently if you search today for scientific papers that are on the edge of science in Nano technology, you'll find Manchester University Nano Technology Department, which has taken most of the papers from the KF website. They even got a Nobel Prize from our technology, because a British group could get a Nobel Prize, but the actual inventor of the technology, an Iranian, cannot. We have seen a lot of this, which you'll come to understand when you learn about the history of the KF.

For the first time, we have shown how you can take the raw Cu and use its own atomic structure to create its own Nano layers upon itself. This has been a major breakthrough in the world of Nano technology. Again done by an Iranian nuclear physicist, but cannot be known to the outside world. I have developed a very simple way that you can raise the temperature of the metal in a microsecond to a level that the molecular structure divides

into atomic structure and then it vaporizes. In this process, because the outside temperature in the immediate vicinity is so low, it tries to go back on itself, but it cannot, and it also cannot expand, because the layers below have already left the surface of the metal. So now it becomes a condition where it is, "hanging on itself." (In the above photo you see black dots that are in the plasmatic condition, you have the M and G fields entering and exiting in a circular flow. It appears that this "hanging on itself" condition must somehow allow the M and G fields to come out and convert the matter state back into the plasma state??)

What you see forming on the Cu plate above the matter state Cu, are about 40 to 50,000 layers of what we call, "Nano atomic layers stacked up on top of each other." The reason it is black, is because these 40,000 layers, which are positioned by M fields, create gaps between themselves and they absorb the fields coming from the space. It's just like if you were to put a bunch of magnets on a table, they would all adjust the gaps between each other to find a balance. This is exactly what is happening here, they all find their position of balance between each other. When (light rays) and fields from space enter the Nano layers they get trapped in these M field gaps and cannot reflect back, then we see this black color on the Cu.

This was tested by the British about 2 or 3 years ago and was declared to be one of the most effective Nano layers, because it absorbs 99.9999% of any field that goes into it. But they couldn't understand why the other fraction of 0.0001% couldn't be absorbed by it. I explained to them, that when some of the fields from space hit the plasmas in these top layers at just the right angle, they get reflected back out instead of getting absorbed. If they would have hit it in just a slightly different place, they would have been absorbed inside it. Now we even understand why it doesn't absorb 100%.

We have come from the raw Cu to this Nano coating, but what does this Nano do? In the present time it is being used extensively in many different directions. When you heat it up rapidly it separates and then vaporizes, and when it comes back down on the Cu we call it, Nano Gans. We now have loose atoms, because they were not able to find a place back in the matter state molecular structure. We were able to break the bond of the molecule to create a loose atom condition in a plasma state. Now what we have is the M field of the atomic structure in the atmosphere of the atom, which is creating that gap between the atoms, the same as when you put a bunch of magnets together and they find their own positioning in respect to each other.

Gans (Gas in A Nano State)

In this process, I understood that I had another step to go, and that was, now that I have loosen them, how can I break them up, so that they can become single free atoms? In a very simple and radical way we started creating Gans's, or what we call, Gas in A Nano State. We created a condition where the atoms in the Nano layer could separate and be floating as a field, as a sun, and as a plasma.

Through years of research, we discovered a very simple process to create the conditions needed to allow the Gans to form. We put a Nano coated material on one side of a container filled with saltwater, and a non-Nano coated material on the other side. For example, to make CO₂ Gans we put a Cu Nano coated plate on one side and a non-Nano coated Zn plate on the other side. A M space gap is created between these 2 plates, while at the same time the water in the container has changed and become plasmatic. This is because now the Nano plate is an atomic plasmatic field condition, which reaches beyond itself. In this condition the atmosphere of the earth cannot interfere with it.

Due to the interaction of the molecular plasma fields around the Nano plate, we cannot produce matter state. Instead we produce M fields, and by choosing the right matter state material, in this case Zn, we then attract Carbon from the atmosphere to create CO₂ Gans. By creating the M field strength of Carbon in-between the plates we can produce the M field of the gas of Carbon. In effect, we create a magnet for the gases.

Up to now, the only magnets we knew about was Fe and metals near to it (on the Periodic Table.) With this new technology we can make a magnet of anything, (any element,) simply by choosing the right material, and knowing which one to Nano coat and which one (to keep in the matter state,) and which one to flow a current through it, and the rest of it. What we end up collecting at the bottom of the container is a cloudy substance we call the Gans. In this case the CO₂ is a cloudy white Gans at the bottom.

This is a breakthrough in the world of science, because as Einstein said, you cannot have gases at room temperature and pressure. Now that we have created a condition of the Carbon, it collects and extracts all the Carbons in its environment and in this process creates CO₂. For the first time we can actually hold what we call, CO₂ as a gas physically in our hand. Mr. Keshe demonstrates this by pouring some CO₂ Gans in his hand. This is itself a major breakthrough.

The CO₂ Gans has been tested by world scientists with Raman Spectroscopy over 10 years ago and they found it to have the properties of CO₂. Even scientists in Istahan University of Iran have confirmed that this component matter state is CO₂, if you break it to the matter state.

Now you have that illusive M field of the CO₂, which when you put water on top of it and shake it, transfers to the water. So we don't need to use the Gans itself. We simply pour water on top of the Gans and let it settle to the bottom. The fields have been transferred to the clear water, and that is what we use. But we can also use the Gans when needed, it is according to circumstances.

End

English Transcription:

(:36). ..

How Nano Coating is Made

We Nano coat materials. What does Nano coating means? This is a Cu on its own, this is a Cu which is Nano coated. How do you Nano coat. Apparently today if you go on the scientific papers, and on the edge of the science like, (:38). Manchester University Nano Technology, which has taken most of the papers from the KF website, and they even got a Nobel Prize from our technology, because a British group could get Nobel Prize, but the inventor, an Iranian cannot. But we have seen a lot of this. You'll come to understand about the history of the KF.

For the first time we have shown how you can take the Cu itself and use its own atomic structure to create its own Nano on itself. This has been a major breakthrough in the world of Nano T. Again done by Iranian nuclear physicist, cannot be known outside. What I have developed, I have created a very simple way, that you can raise the temperature of the metal in a microsecond, to a level, that the molecular divides into atomic and it vaporizes, but because the outside temperature, immediately, is so low, it tries to go back because it cannot expand, but already layer below it have already left the surface of the metal, so now it becomes, "hanging on itself." And what you see between this (matter Cu) and this (Nano coated Cu), is about 40 - 50,000 atomic structure we call Nano layers on top of each other. The reason it is black, is because this 40,000 in different positions are positioned by M fields. If you put a magnet on the table you will see they find their spaces, this is what is happening here. They have a spaces, and when the fields coming from the space, they, it gets trapped in these M field gaps and so it cannot reflect back, what we see is the dark color of the Cu.

This was tested by the British and was announced about 2 - 3 years ago, (:40). as one of the most effective Nano layers because it absorbs 99.9999% of any field which goes in it. But they couldn't understand why the other fraction of 0.0001% couldn't be absorbed. I explained to them, some of these top layers, when the fields hit the plasma itself, in a separate angles, it reflects back. If it would have hit it in a slightly other place it would have been absorbed in. Now we even understand why it is not 100%. But what this Nano does, we have come from this to this. Now it's used extensively in different directions, but this point where, now we have, before on this (matter Cu) we have molecular structure they are tied up. With heating it up rapidly, separating, vaporizing and coming back, we call it, Nano Gans, not finding a place, now you have loose atoms. Now that we could break the bond of molecule to the loose atom condition in a plasma, because now its, the M field of the atom structure, the atmosphere of the atom, which is creating that gap, like magnets when you put together.

In this process now, I had another step to go, which was, once I loosen them, how can I break them up they become single atom free? In a simple process, and in a radical way, we started creating Gans's. What we call. We created a condition where the atoms in this Nano layer could separate and be floating as a field, as a sun, as a plasma. (:42). and in the process of the creating the condition we managed to create, and in the process of years of research, we found out we can do something very simple. We can Nano coat one

material and put it opposite another material which is not Nano coated. The space gap between these is a M space gap and the water inside it is different. The atmosphere of the earth has nothing to do with this. Because now this has atomic plasma field, which reaches beyond (itself). And in interaction with molecular plasma field, here (around the Nano coil) we cannot produce matter state, but we produce M fields, which by choosing the right material, is a C, which is this one (CO₂ Gans). And by creating M field of the C in-between, choosing Cu and Zn, one in the Nano state, one in the matter state, we can now understand, we can produce gases, M field of the gases. Magnet of gases. Up to now, magnet to us was 2 metals, irons, or metals which are near to it. With this new T we can make a magnet of anything by choosing the right material, and which one to Nano coat and which one to flow a current through it, and the rest of it.

So what we collect at the bottom of the cup is a mixture like this (CO₂). This is a breakthrough in the world of science as I explained yesterday. Einstein said, gases cannot be at room temperature and pressure. Now that we have collected and created a condition of the C, the C extracts all the Carbons in its environment and in that process, (:44). for the first time we can actually hold what we call, CO₂ as a gas physically in our hand, as I showed yesterday (pours CO₂ in his hands). This is itself a major breakthrough.

And in that process this has been tested by the world scientists with Raman Spectroscopy over 10 years ago. And even scientists in Istahan University of Iran has confirmed the component matter state of this (as CO₂), if you break it to the matter state. Now you have that illusive M field, which when I used the water which I created with this (CO₂) material in it, by its water, which stays on top of it, not (the Gans) itself, by introducing to the skin of the man, by drinking the pure water, you don't touch the Gans, you just drink the water. What do you receive, what you can literally see, clear water. Afterward, you wash , you touch with this, your body, you create that condition of depleting the energy of the virus. What we were looking for. This is why we washed the pigs. This is why we washed the patients by the doctors in the hospital.

KF does not get involved in treating or curing. KF shows the T to medical team and people, they do it themselves, and the doctors they do it. In Mahallat city in Iran, south of Tehran, when we introduced this last March, as I said, the hospital was full with patients in the emergency (room). And 100 patients in homes locked up to die with Coronavirus, (:46). and the city was locked down. We managed to get permission through National Defense University to go to the hospital, within 2 weeks there were no patients in emergency Room, there were no sick people in the homes, we had no deaths. Until that time everyday there were one or 2 deaths in the hospital from Corona. (After using the T) zero deaths, then they washed the city. The city of Mahallat has become clean by using the T. Exactly what we did in Wuhan City for the Chinese.

You don't touch the material, the water of it creates the condition of Gans. And so I turned to take this to the next step. On the video which we will show to you, it was taught Iran, across China, how to make this Cup. It takes 10 minutes to save life. This is the packet Cup of Life you can buy from KF. You go on the website. .. The pack comes it is very simple I will just show you how easy you can do it yourself at home. It's on the

video. What you need to do is simple. Two pieces of Cu wire and a Zn saves a life. You can strip it from wires at home, and open a battery to use the Zn. All you need to do is put the wires inside the saltwater, give it a few minutes, a couple of hours, you start seeing a white cloud at the bottom, you wash the white cloud from the salt, you drink it () the clear water of it. You wash (yourself). (:48). you breath the air of it through a Shisha. And in most of the cases you can help yourself with the virus. The beauty of this T is for the first time we have an answer for viruses, and we do not need injections. It's for our scientists around the world to develop this T that as we have done in the KF, to bring EU can fluctuate from every level of energy to extract from the body of the man. The video is ready, we can watch it...